Министерство образования и науки РФ Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

«СИБИРСКИЙ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ»

СОГЛАСОВАНО

Зав. ОСПО

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Торгово-экономический институт

Отделение среднего профессионального образования

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

Дисциплина ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык

Специальность 43.02.01 Организация обслуживания в общественном питании

Иностранный язык: фонд оценочных средств

Разработан в соответствии с ПВД ФОС-2017 Университета, ФГОС СПО и учебным планом специальности <u>43.02.01 Организация обслуживания в общественном питании</u>

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1.ПЕРЕЧЕНЬ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ С УКАЗАНИЕМ ЭТАПОВ ИХ ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ В ПРОЦЕССЕ ОСВОЕНИЯ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЙ ПРОГРАММЫ, ОПИСАНИЕ ПОКАЗАТЕЛЕЙ И КРИТЕРИЕВ ОЦЕНИВАНИЯ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ

Курс	Семестр	Код и содержание компетенций	Результаты обучения (компоненты компетенции)	Оценочные средства
1, 2, 3	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	ОК 1. Понимать сущность и социальную значимость своей будущей профессии, проявлять к ней устойчивый интерес.	знать: базовую общеупотребительную лексику и специальную терминологию на русском и иностранном языках, базовые грамматические темы иностранного языка;	комплексные тесты;
			уметь: логически верно, аргументировано и ясно строить устную и письменную речь;	эссе
			владеть: навыками разговорно-бытовой и профессиональной речи на иностранном и русских языках; основами профессиональной речевой коммуникации	вопросы к зачету/экзамену
		ОК 2. Организовывать собственную деятельность, выбирать типовые методы и способы выполнения профессиональных	Знать: лексический минимум (1200-1400 ЛЕ), необходимый для чтения и перевода со словарем иностранных текстов профессиональной направленности.	комплексные тесты;
		задач, оценивать их эффективность и качество.	Уметь: Устно и письменно общаться на английском языке на профессиональные и повседневные темы	эссе, практические задания, устный опрос
			Владеть: навыками разговорно-бытовой речи	вопросы к зачету
		ОК 3. Принимать решения в стандартных и нестандартных ситуациях и нести за	Знать: грамматический минимум по каждой теме УД	контрольно- тренировочные упражнения; проверочная работа.
		них ответственность.	Уметь: переводить со словарем иностранные тексты профессиональной направленности.	эссе

	Владеть: навыками общения на английском языке	вопросы к зачету
ОК 4. Осуществлять поиск и использование информации, необходимой для эффективного выполнения	Знать: лингвострановедческую, страноведческую и социокультурную информацию, расширенную за счет новой тематики и проблематики речевого общения.	комплексные тесты;
профессиональных задач, профессионального и личностного развития.	Уметь: понимать основное содержание аутентичных аудио- или видеотекстов познавательного характера на темы, предлагаемые в рамках курса, выборочно извлекать из них необходимую информацию.	Практические задания по аудированию; аудирование с элементами языковой догадки; просмотр учебных фильмов, беседа об увиденном и услышанном.
	Владеть: наиболее употребительной грамматикой	вопросы к зачету
ОК 5. Использовать информационно- коммуникационные	Знать: характерные особенности лексики и фонетики английского языка Уметь: использовать	комплексные тесты;
технологии в профессиональной деятельности.	приобретенные знания и умения в практической деятельности и повседневной жизни.	контроль
	Владеть: искать необходимую информацию и использовать её по назначению	вопросы к зачету
ОК 6. Работать в коллективе и в команде, эффективно общаться с коллегами, руководством, потребителями.	Знать: основную терминологию своей широкой и узкой специальности (лексический минимум в объеме 1800 – 2000 лексических единиц, из них 1000 единиц продуктивно)	
	Уметь: самостоятельно совершенствовать устную и письменную речь, пополнять словарный запас.	работа с техническими словарями, Интернетом по переводу, реферированию профессионально ориентированной

		информации.
	Владеть: навыками общения на разговорном английском языке	вопросы к зачету
ОК 7. Брать на себя ответственность работу членов команды (подчиненных),	Знать: базовую лексику общего языка, лексику, представляющую нейтральный научный стиль	комплексные тесты;
результат выполнения заданий.	Уметь: правильно артикулировать и произносить гласные и согласные звуки, правильно употреблять разговорные формулы (клише) в коммуникативных ситуациях	текущий контроль умения высказываться по данной сфере общения в монологической и диалогической форме.
	Владеть: иностранным языком на уровне, обеспечивающем эффективную профессиональную деятельность	вопросы к зачету
ОК 8. Самостоятельно определять задачи профессионального и личностного развития, заниматься	Знать: социокультурные сведения (основную информацию о социокультурных особенностях стран изучаемого языка)	комплексные тесты;
самообразованием, осознанно планировать повышение квалификации.	Уметь: извлекать необходимую информацию из иноязычных источников, созданных в различных знаковых системах Владеть: умением логически верно, аргументированно и	контрольнотренировочные упражнения; проверочная работа.
	ясно строить устную и письменную речь	
ОК 9. Ориентироваться в условиях частой смены технологий в профессиональной деятельности	Знать: основные правила словообразования и формоизменения; грамматические особенности построения устного и письменного высказывания	комплексные тесты, проверочные работы, аудирование
деятельности	Уметь: применять междисциплинарные знания при сборе, систематизации и интерпретации информации	устный и письменный контроль перевода текстов; тесты по чтению.

обязательные требования нормативно-правовых документов, а также требования стандартов и иных нормативных документов	формоизменения; грамматические особенности построения устного и письменного высказывания Уметь: читать аутентичные тексты разных стилей (публицистические, художественные, научнопопулярные и технические) Владеть: навыками чтения специальной иноязычной литературы с целью получения информации	тесты, устный опрос текущий контроль умения высказываться по предложенной теме; проекты вопросы к зачету
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2 МАТЕРИАЛЫ, НЕОБХОДИМЫЕ ДЛЯ ОЦЕНКИ ЗНАНИЙ, УМЕНИЙ, ВЛАДЕНИЙ, ХАРАКТЕРИЗУЮЩИХ ЭТАПЫ ФОРМИРОВАНИЙ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ В ПРОЦЕССЕ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

При проверке знаний, умений и навыков, полученных студентами в ходе освоения дисциплины «Иностранный язык » используются следующие типы оценочных средств: комплексные тесты; билеты к зачету; эссе.

Примеры комплексных тестовых заданий по дисциплине для 1 курса Тest

1. Ice cream is a					
a) side dish b) main course c) soup d) dessert					
2. Ham, lettuce and tomato is a kind of					
a) soup b) appetizer c) beverage d) dessert					
3. Coca-Cola is usually served as					
a) soup b) appetizer c) beverage d) dessert					
4. Apple pie is					
a) a sandwich b) an appetizer c) a beverage d) a dessert					
5. I feel Give me a glass of water.					
a) hungry c) happy					
b) sad d) thirsty					
6. It's 8 a.m. Let's have					
a) dinner c) breakfast					
b) lunch d) supper					
7. It's 1 p.m. Let's have					
a) dinner c) breakfast					
b) lunch d) supper					
8. There are a few bananas andapples in the fridge.					
a) much b) many					
c) a lot of d) little					
9. She putbutter in the cake.					
a) much b) many					
c) few d) little					
10. Our teacher always gives us homework.					
a) much b) many					
c) a lot of d) little					
11. We don't needeggs to cook this meal.					
a) much b) many					
c) a lot of d) little					
12. He's madeprogress in such a short time!					
a) much b) many					
c) a lot of d) little					
13. Are there unemployed people in your country?					
a) much b) many					
c) a lot of d) little					
14. There areoil deposits in Siberia.					
a) much b) many					
c) a lot of d) little					

15. There istime at our disposal.
a) much b) many
c) a lot of d) little
16. 'Where is the sour cream?' 'It's the refrigerator.'
a) In c) at
b) - d) into
17. Where are you going your holidays?
a) At c) on
b) To d) for
18. When I buy something expensive, I pay credit card.
a) in c) by
b) with d) on
19. Abraham Lincoln was bornFebruary 12,1809a small farmKentuckythe
family of a wandering laborer.
a) in, at, in, to c) at, in, near, of
b) on, on, in, in d) on, to, by, among
20. Is your friend Peter Brown?
a) Yes, he is.
b) Yes, she does.
c) Yes, we are.
d) Yes, I am.
Примеры комплексных тестовых заданий по дисциплине для 2 курса
1. Talanhana hayas haaya
1. Telephone boxes brown.
a) is b) are
c) am d) was There——some tea in the cup
2. There some tea in the cup.
2. There some tea in the cup. a) is b) are
2. There some tea in the cup. a) is b) are c) am d) was
 2. There some tea in the cup. a) is b) are c) am d) was 3. Their sons good marks. They are the best at school.
 2. There some tea in the cup. a) is b) are c) am d) was 3. Their sons good marks. They are the best at school. a) have got b) has got
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2. There some tea in the cup. a) is b) are c) am d) was 3. Their sons good marks. They are the best at school. a) have got b) has got c) hasn't got d) haven't got 4. The girl a walkman. She listens to it every day. a) has got b) hasn't got
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a) avan d) ava
c) oxen d) oxs
11. These toys are new.
a) children's b) childrens'
c) childs' d) child's
12. This office is light.
a) doctors' b) doctor's
c) doctor d) doctores
13. We celebrate International Women's Day on 3/8.
a) the third of August b) third of August
c) the eight of March d) eighth of March
14. He wrote 225 () books.
a) two hundred twenty five b) two hundreds twenty five
c) two hundred and twenty fifth d) two hundred and twenty five
15. The thieves knew the collection of jewels was hidden.
a) where b) then
c) who d) what
16. We decided not to go to the cinema it was raining heavily.
a) since b) then
c) because d) where
17. A river boat passed the bridge.
a) under b) above
c) by d) along
18. The whole family was sitting the dinner table.
a) about b) round
c) beside d) on
19. That's my coat, and the gloves are too.
a) me b) my
a) me b) my c) mine d) hers
c) mine d) hers
c) mine d) hers 20. My pen is on the table. I don't know where is.
c) mine d) hers 20. My pen is on the table. I don't know where is. a) she b) he
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c) mine d) hers 20. My pen is on the table. I don't know where is. a) she b) he c) its d) yours Примеры комплексных тестовых заданий по дисциплине для 3 курса 1. What ?
c) mine d) hers 20. My pen is on the table. I don't know where is. a) she b) he c) its d) yours Примеры комплексных тестовых заданий по дисциплине для 3 курса 1. What ? a) were you looking for b) for were you looking
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c) does she d) don't she
7. How his new job?
a) is your brother liking b) does your brother like
c) has your brother liked d) does your brother likes
8. We went last holiday.
a) to climb b) climbing
c) for climbing d) to climbing
9. I think should be forbidden in the workplace.
a) to smoke b) smoke
c) smoking d) smoked
10. It be true that supermarkets make shopping easier.
a) need b) may
c) had d) is to
11. We were in a hurry, so we take a taxi.
a) could b) must
c) may d) had to
12. Tom play tennis well but he play a game yesterday because he was ill.
a) could, couldn't b) can, was able
c) can, couldn't d) couldn't, can
13. I a letter when you rang me up.
a) have reading b) has reading
c) was reading d) were reading
14 when you come in?
·
a) Did it snow b) Was it snowing
c) was it snow d) was there snow
15. When we came to the office she a letter.
a) is typing b) was typing
c) has typing d) had been typing
16. We in a wonderful age.
a) is living b) are living
c) has been living d) to be living
17. Because of the destruction of tropical forests, many animals and plants right now
a) disappearing b) is disappearing
c) was disappearing d) are disappearing
18. It at the moment.
a) doesn't rain b) isn't rain
c) isn't raining d) won't rain
19. Students think that in a short time the reform education move useful.
a) will have made b) make
c) will make d) has made
20. Reforming British universities the quality of research and teaching there.
a) improve b) are improving
c) to improve d) will improve
21. How long ago ?
a) did they marry b) have they married
c) they married d) married they
22. He a cigarette two months ago.
a) has last smoked b) was last smoking
c) last smoked d) had smoked
23. In his youth, he very lazy.
a) was being b) has been
c) was d) were

24. Kate is a vegetarian, she meat. a) isn't eating b) hasn't been eating c) doesn't eat d) don't eat 25. Jill long brown hair and big blue eyes. a) is having b) has got c) have got d) are having 26. Every day Johnny ____ to a street corner and ____ for the school bus. a) walks...waits b) is walking...waits c) walks...is waiting d) is walking...is waiting 27. Three ____ are in the field. a) deer b) deers c) deeres d) deer's 28. There ____ some butter on the plate. a) is b) are c) were d) am 29. ____ is dangerous to play on the road. a) There b) Here

Шкала оценивания тестовых заданий

30. ____ judge a man by his questions rather than his answers.

Процент	Критерии и оценки
выполнения	
теста по теме	
0-50%	Знания и умения по теме отсутствуют – «не зачтено».
51-67%	Недостаточные знания и умения по теме – «зачтено».
68-84%	Знания и умения на уровне, необходимом и достаточном для
	специалиста (твердое знание материала, при наличии несущественных
	ошибок) - «зачтено».
85-100%	Знания и умения на высоком уровне (прочное и безошибочное
	усвоение программного материала) - «зачтено».

Темы эссе:

c) Those d) It

a) Aren't b) Not c) No d) Don't

- 1. Higher education in Russia and abroad.
- 2.Students` life in Russia and abroad.
- 3. Customs and traditions.
- 4. Different cultures.
- 5. The traditional economy and the market economy.
- 6. The planned and the mixed economy.
- 7. Market structure.
- 8. What is welfare economics and why is it important?
- 9. How interesr rates are set in the money market?
- 10. Economic growth.

Написание эссе направлено на оценку уровня навыков (владения опытом).

Таблица баллов

Критерии оценивания	Баллы
Формулировка проблем	3
Комментарий к сформулированной	3
проблеме	
Аргументация собственного мнения по	4
проблеме	
Смысловая целостность, речевая связность	2
и последовательность изложения	
Соблюдение орфографических норм	3
Соблюдение пунктуационных норм	3
Соблюдение языковых норм	3
Соблюдение речевых норм	3
Максимальный балл за задание	24

Шкала оценивания уровня навыков по результатам написания эссе приведена в таблице ниже

Шкала оценивания уровня навыков

Количество баллов	Критерии и оценки
0-12	Навык не развит, соответствующие способности не
	проявлены - «не зачтено».
13-17	Навык недостаточно развит, частичное проявление
	соответствующих способностей - «не зачтено».
18-21	Базовый уровень, необходимый и достаточный для
	специалиста, владение соответствующими
	способностями и опытом - «зачтено».
22-24	Высокий уровень развития навыка, владение
	способностями и опытом и возможность их
	применения в ситуациях повышенной сложности -
	«зачтено».

Формы промежуточной аттестации по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»:

- Дифференцированные зачеты (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 семестры)

Зачеты в 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 семестрах проводятся в виде тестирования.

Зачет в 6 семестре проводится в форме собеседования. Контрольные вопросы к зачету.

- 1. Принять участие в беседе с преподавателем на заданную тему на иностранном языке.
- 2. Письменный перевод со словарем с английского языка на русский текста по специальности объемом 1200 печатных знаков (время исполнения 60 минут).
- 3. Краткое изложение прочитанного на иностранном языке.

Темы для беседы с преподавателем:

- 1. Poverty and Richness Corrupt People's Souls
- 2. Price of Publicity
- 3. Sorry Seems to Be the Hardest Word
- 4. Stop It Before It Is Too Late
- 5. Stress and How to Cope Well With It
- 6. The Changing Face of Tourism: Ecotourism
- 7. The Mystery of Dreams
- 8. The World's Bizarre Festivals
- 9. Video and Computer Games
- 10. Ways of Being Successful

Критерии оценивания беседы с преподавателем:

При беседе с экзаменаторами на иностранном языке на заданную тему оценивается монологическая речь на уровне самостоятельно подготовленного и неподготовленного высказывания и диалогическая речь, позволяющая принимать участие в обсуждении вопросов, связанных с изученной тематикой.

«отлично» — речь грамотная и выразительная. Правильно используются лексико-грамматические конструкции, если допускаются ошибки, то тут же исправляются говорящим. Объем высказывания соответствует требованиям (15-20 предложений). Говорящий понимает и адекватно отвечает на вопросы;

«хорошо» – при высказывании встречаются грамматические ошибки. Объем высказывания соответствует требованиям. Вопросы говорящий понимает полностью, но ответы иногда вызывают затруднения.

«удовлетворительно» — при высказывании встречаются грамматические ошибки, иногда очень серьезные. Объем высказывания составляет не более $\frac{1}{2}$. Как вопросы, так и ответы вызывают затруднение.

«неудовлетворительно» — неполное высказывание (менее ½), более 15 грамматических/лексических/фонетических ошибок, грамматически неоформленная речь.

Критерии оценивания перевода.

«отлично» – полный перевод (100%) адекватный смысловому содержанию текста на русском языке. Текст – грамматически корректен, лексические единицы и синтаксические структуры, переведены адекватно;

«хорошо» — полный перевод (100%-90%). Встречаются лексические, грамматические и стилистические неточности, которые не препятствуют общему пониманию текста, однако не согласуются с нормами языка перевода;

«удовлетворительно» — фрагмент текста, предложенного на экзамене, переведен не полностью $(2/3 - \frac{1}{2})$ или с большим количеством лексических, грамматических и стилистических ошибок, которые препятствуют общему пониманию текста;

«неудовлетворительно» — неполный перевод (менее ½). Непонимание содержания текста, большое количество смысловых и грамматических ошибок.

Критерии оценивания пересказа содержания прочитанного иноязычного текста:

При устной передаче основного содержания иноязычного текста профессионально-ориентированного характера оцениваются:

- полнота и точность передачи основной информации;
- знание нейтральной лексики;
- знание терминов и профессионализмов;
- социокультурные знания, необходимые для понимания текста;
- -связность передачи содержания;
- логичность построения сообщения (раскрытие причинно-следственных связей).

Показатели оцениваются по 4-балльной шкале: 5 баллов (отлично), 4 балла (хорошо), 3 балла (удовлетворительно), 2 балла (неудовлетворительно).

Министерство

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БИЛЕТ ЗАЧЕТА № 1

образования и науки РФ ФГАОУ ВО «Сибирский федеральный университет»	по дисциплине специальность институт	43.02.0 общес ТЭИ О	твенном пита	ция обслуживания в	
		A are	B am	C is	
1 Sally a student? A Are B Is C Am					
2. Joseph is artist. A - B a C an			nspeales, I can.	k French?	
			B he	C she	
3. They got short hair. The got long hair. A haven't B have C has	y have		ave you got		
A naven i B nave C nas			en't B have		
4. A: Are you a musician?			e Juan and (Carlos from Brazil?	
B: No. I I'm a doctor A isn't B'm not C aren't 5. A:is Martin?	or.		B he		
B: He's in the bedroom.		16. Greg	can cook bu	it he swim.	
A Where B How old C What		A can	B is	C can't	
6he a singer? A Are B Is C Am		B: No	the o, they're from B Is		
7. A:is her name? B: Sally Stuart.			nn Larry sing		
A Where B What C How			B can		
8. A: Is the Parthenon in France?		19. Ito aJapane		from Tokyo. They	
B: No, it		A 're	\boldsymbol{B} 'm	C 's	
A aren't B not C isn't		20 Tonia	is	nurse	
9. Jerrygot a dog. A has B have C haven't		A an	B -		
		21. My m	other	. at a hospital.	
O. A: Is Pierre from France? B: Yes, he		A work	B work	•	
A are B am C i	S	22	are maga	zines.	
11. A: Has she got brown eyes?			_	C These	
B: No, she She's got green	eyes.	22 Fl 1			
	C has	23. The d A on		the kitchen. C next to	
12. A: What's his favourite sport?B: His favourite sport footbal	1.	24. A: Is	that John's b	ook?	

24. A: Is that John's book?

	B his C my	A She B It	C He
25. Alice is tw student.	elve years oldi	s a	
Составитель		В.В. Николаева	
Одобрено на заседан	ии совета ОСПО		
« » 2	0 г протокол №		

УТВЕРЖДАЮ
Зав. ОСПО Зайцева Н.С.

«	>>	20	_г.

Министерство	
образования и науки РФ по дисциплине Иностранный язык	
ФГАОУ ВО специальность 43.02.01 Организация обслуживан	ия в
«Сибирский федеральный общественном питании	
университет» институт ТЭИ ОСПО	

Temam: Subject Pronouns – The Verb "to be" – Indefinite Article A/An. Have got – Can. Plurals – This/These – That/Those – Some/Any – A/An – Prepositions of Place. Subject/Object Personal Pronouns – Possessives/The Possessive Case Who/ Whose – The Imperative – Present Simple. Adverbs of Frequency – Prepositions of Time: at, on, in. Questions – Irregular Plurals. Present Continuous – Present Simple. Plurals – Countable/Uncountable Nouns-How Much/ How Many – A Few/A Little-Some/Any. Prepositions of Place – Was/Were – Had – Could. Past Simple – A/An/The – Will – Linking Words. Adjective/Adverbs – Linking Words – Prepositions of Movement. Comparisons – Quite/ Very/Too. Be Going To – Will – Present Continuous – It Will Be/There Will Be.

курс 1 семестр 2

Should/Shouldn't - Must/ Mustn't - Can/Can't/Couldn't. Present Perfect -Past Simple - Ever/Never - Just - Yet/ Already - For/Since.

1. A:	is Lee from?		8. Did you	TV las	t night?
B: He's fro	m Japan.				C watches
	B What	C How	9.	help you, mad	lam?
2. Kyle gets u	ipnine o'cle	ock.		B Can	
A in	B on	C at	10. When was	the last time y	ouon holiday?
	painted the Mona			B go	
A How	B Who	C When	_	_	on the wall but there
	apples do you no		aren't	_	
	B much			B some	C much
	she like playing ten		12. Would you		
	\mathbf{B} Has		-	B some	
	her bicycle		13. That was tl		-
	B rides			B good	
	t traveled by plane.		14. A:		
twenty years			B: She's m		
	B since	C already			re's C Whose is
	n bought the ticket	•			ning to rock music?
	B just				C Don't
	es a s				ntist he had
		C at		.,	
	pes your uncle			se B but	C and
	B live				. As the Amazon?
6					C longer
Состав	витель		В.В. Нико	<u> лаева</u>	
Одобро	ено на заседании	совета ОСПО			
« <u> </u>	20	_г., протокол № _			

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Министерство образования и науки РФ ФГАОУ ВПО «Сибирский федеральный университет»	по дисциплине специальность институт	Иностранный язык 43.02.01 Организация обслуживания в общественном питании ТЭИ ОСПО курс 2 семестр 3
1Salty a student? A. Are B. Is C. Am 2. Joseph isartist. A B. A C. An 3. Theygot short long hair. A. haven't B. have C. has 4. A: Are you a musicist B: No, II'm a doc A. Isn't B. I'm not C. Aren't 5. A:is Martin? B: He's in the bedroom A. Where B. How old C. What 6he a singer? A. Are B. Is	an? tor	A. mine B. his C. my 11. My motherat a hospital. A. work B. works C. don't work 12. The dishwasher isthe kitchen. A. on B. in C. next to 13. Alice is twelve years old is a student. A. She B. It C. He 14. This is Jon's computer. A. his B. him C. he 15. A:Becky like chocolate? B: Yes, she loves chocolate. A. Do B. Doesn't C. Does 16. A: Do you work on Saturday?
C. Am 7. A: Whet is her name' B: Sally Stuart. A. Where B. What C. How 8are magazines. A. This B. That C. These		B: No, Iwork on Saturday. A. usually B. never C. sometimes 17. How manyare there in your class? A. child B. children C. children's 18those your pencils? A. Is B. Isn't

C. Are

B: No, it's

19. A:do A koalas live ? B: In Australia. A. When B. Why C. Where 20. Toni was borm 1939. A. on B. in C. at 21. There are threein the car. A. men B. men's C. man 22. Susan go to school? A. Do	B. Does C. Don't 23. Shedinner at the moment. A. is cooking B. am cooking C. cooks 24. Do we needbread? A. a B. some C. any 25. Let's meet for lunchWednesday. A. in B. on C. at
Составитель	В.В. Николаева
Одобрено на заседании совета ОСПО	
«»20г., протокол №	

	УТВЕРЖДАЮ
Зав.	ОСПО Зайцева Н.С.

<u> </u>	>>>	20	Γ.

Министерство образования и науки РФ ФГАОУ ВО «Сибирский федеральный университет»

по дисциплине Иностранный язык

специальности 43.02.01 Организация обслуживания в

общественном питании

институт ТЭИ ОСПО

курс 2, семестр 4

TRAINING AND PROMOTION

- 1. Hi all industrialised countries managers are typically recruited from university or postsecondary technical-school graduates. It is becoming rare for blue-collar workers without a college or technical school degree to rise beyond the level of first-line supervision into the ranks of higher management. As few graduates fresh out of a university or technical school have the experience necessary to assume broad-based or high-level managerial responsibilities, most organizations invest heavily in systematic management training and development efforts.
- 2. An initial part of the training involves socialization into the practices, values, and culture of the organization. Another source of training and development lies in the career paths and job rotation policies of the firm. A large multinational firm devised a 10-year management development plan for all its junior managers, assuming that within those 10 years the manager would change jobs at least five times. Each job change was expected to expose the junior manager to a different functional area, such as marketing, finance, technology or product development, and manufacturing and increase the number of people the manager supervised or the level of responsibility. This firm, like an increasing number of others, attempted to include international experience in the career path, especially for those young managers targeted early in their careers as having the potential to rise to the level of senior managements.
- 3. Researchers have shown that managerial career patterns can be predicted quite accurately by the results of these early promotional outcomes. Some have used the analogy of a tournament to describe the process, in which "losing" at any step along the way significantly reduces one's chance of "winning" that is, getting to the top of an organization or profession. Thus, a failure to get a promotion one expects often is a signal for the manager to look for opportunities in another organization. (1698)

Ответьте на вопросы и определите основную идею текста:

TRAINING AND PROMOTION

A) What are the main sources of professional training and development for young managers?

1)Socialization into the practices of the organization and job rotation. 2)University education. 3) Post-graduate course. 4) Working for various international companies.

B)

1) Variety of managerial duties and responsibilities. 2) Predictions of managerial career patterns. 3) University education as a precondition for professional career. 4) Professional growth of managers and upgrading.

Тестирование

1. What's address, please?
a) yours b) you c) your
2. They had telephones 100 years ago but they have televisions.
a) don't b) didn't c)doesn't
3. He has three books.
a) buying b)buy c) bought
4. He has been here three days.
a) yet b)since c)for
5. Kristy was born July.
a) on b)in c)at
6. He's the student of all.
a)noisy b) noisier c)noisiest
7. He will tomorrow.
a) call b)called c) calling
8. Have you been to Portugal?
a) never b)yet c)ever
9 you count when you were five?
a)Can b) Can't c)Could
10. Are any good restaurants in your town?
a) here b)they c)there
11. We have visited the castle.

a) yet b)ever c)already
12. Jenny to New Delhi at 9pm.
a) is flying b)flies c) have flown
13 will be foggy in London on Saturday.
a) There b)It c) They
14. Diana usually jeans and T-shirts.
a)is wearing b) wears c)wear
15. Peter got blue eyes.
a)have b)hasn't c)haven't
16. A: Are those Carol's books?
B: No, they aren't
a) she b)her c)hers
17. The exam wasn't very.
a)easily b) easy c) easier
18. A: Has Greg booked a table?
B: Yes, he's booked a table at Mell's
a)yet b) just c) never
19. A: Where's your sister?
B: She's work.
a)at b)in c) on
20. A: Is she mother?
B: No, she isn't.
a) him b)his c)he
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Одобрено на заседании совета ОСПО
«» 20г., протокол №

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Министерство образования	по дисциплине	Иностранный язык		
и науки РФ ФГАОУ ВПО	специальность	43.02.01 Организация обслуживания в		
«Сибирский федеральный		общественном питании		
университет»	институт	ТЭИ ОСПО		
		курс 3 семестр 5		
1. A: Is the Parthenon in	France?	A. Who's		
B: No, it		B. Whose		
A. aren't		C. Who		
B. not		10. This is Carol and dog.		
C. isn't		A. Ann		
2. Jerrygot a dog.		B. Anns'		
A. has		C. Ann's		
B. have		11. This is an apple andis an orange.		
C. haven't		A. those B. that		
3. A: Is Pierre from Fran	ce?			
B: Yes, he		C. these		
A. are		12. The pictures arethe wall.		
B. am		A. in		
C. is		B. under		
4. A: Has she got brown eyes?		C. on		
B: No, sheShe's	got green eyes.	13. That is thehouse. They live there.		
A. haven't		A. boy's		
B. hasn't		B. boys'		
C. has		C. boys		
5. A: What's his favourite sport?		13. Are therebooks in the study?		
B: His favourite sport	football.	A. some		
A. are		B. an		
B. am		C. any		
C. is	1.0	15do you eat for dinner?		
6. A: CanSpeak Fre	nch?	A. Who		
B: Yes,I can.		B. When		
A. you		C. What		
B. he		16. I sometimes go out with my		
C. she	1.0	friendsFridays.		
7. A: Have you got a bic	ycle?	A. in		
B: Yes,		B. on		
A. haven't		C. at		
B. have		17. Howlegs does a cat have?		
C. has		A. many		
8. Therea lamp on	the table.	B. much		
A. are		C. long		
B. is		18. A: Is this your sweater?		
C. has		B: .No, it'ssweater.		

A. her

B. hers

9. A:Mr. Smith?

B: He's my French teacher.

C. she 19is an orange juice, please?	B. on C. in 22. Can I havemilk?
A. How	A. some
B. How main	B. any
C. How much	C. a few
20. Theygoing to the cinema at	23. How about aof cake?
the weekend.	A. cup
A. doesn't like	B. carton
B. like	C. piece
C. likes	24. Do you want any?
21. He always reads a magazinethe	A. tomatoes
evening.	B. tomato
A. at	C. tomatos
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	УТВЕРЖДАЮ
Зав. ОСТ	ІО Зайцева Н.С.

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Министерство образования и науки РФ ФГАОУ ВПО «Сибирский федеральный университет»

по дисциплине специальность

Иностранный язык

43.02.01 Организация обслуживания в

общественном питании

институт ТЭИ ОСПО

курс 3 семестр 6

1. Прочитайте и переведите на русский язык следующий текст.

Ukrainian cuisine

If you happen to come too Ukraine you should taste a real Ukrainian borshch. It is sour-sweet, aromatic, tasty and nourishing. It is served with local fancy-dumplings called pampoushki and galoushki. The main thing in cooking borshch is in the following: you should put vegetables in a definite order. And secondly. Borshch will be tastier if beetroot is stewed, carrots and onions- fried. The word "borshch" originates from old- slavonik "borshch"- betroof which is the main ingredient of this dish. Now borshch is cooked in all regions of our country with local variants. Don't fail to taste chicken cutlets Kiev style and Ukrainian vareniki (cottage cheese or cherry dumplings). A great variety of buns, cakes and dishes of all kinds are recommended to the guests in Ukraine.

2. Ответьте на вопросы

- 1). What is a real Ukrainian borshch?
- 2). What is served with a borshch?
- 3). What is the main thing in cooking borshch?
- 4). How can you cook a borshch?
- 5). What else is recommended to the guests in Ukraine?

3. Подберите соответствующие реплики к следующим утверждениям

- 1. I'm fond of Russian cuisine.

 1. So is bob's sister.
- 2. My sister is a good cook. 2. Yes, very popular.
- 3. Russian caviar is popular with foreign guests.

 3. So do I.
- 4. I often cook Ukrainian borshch. 4. So am I.
- 5. You should eat much fish 5. I agree with you.

4. Поставьте следующие предложения в отрицательную форму

1. This soup is cooked from meat. 2. Cauliflower and green peas are served every day. 3. This bread was baked from wheat. 4. There dishes were washed in the evening. 5. The cash money will be counted in the afternoon. 6. Peaches and grapes will be served for dessert today. 7. Payment can be made right now. 8. This work must be done today. 9. This dish should be in the evening.

5. употребите глагол в скобках в соответствующем времени

1. Table d'hote dishes(to be) served for dinner every day. 2. The table (to be) laid beautifully yesterday. The guests (to be) served very well. 3. Soft and red caviar (to be) served for dinner-party on Sunday evening. 4. Horse radish and salted cucumbers (to be) served for meat jelly tomorrow. 5. Smoked smelt (to be) sold in St. Petersburg in May every year. 6. Many guests (to be) invited for my birthday next Saturday. 7. Fruit (to be) sold in aisle five.

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